

SKR

Send out more horses, *skirre* the country round;
Hang those that talk of fear. *Shakep. Macbeth.*
To SKIRRE. *v. n.* To scour; to feud; to run in haste.
We'll make them *skirre* away as swift as stones
Enforced from the old Assyrian slings. *Shakep. Henry V.*
SKIRRET. *n. f.* [*skirum*, Latin.] A plant.
It produces its flowers in an umbel, which consists of several leaves placed circularly, and expanded in form of a rose: the empalement afterward becomes a fruit, composed of two narrow seeds, that are gibbous, and furrowed on one side, but plain on the other. The roots are shaped like long turneps, and are joined to one head. *Miller.*

Skirrets are a sort of roots propagated by feed. *Mortimer.*
SKIRT. *n. f.* [*skorte*, Swedish.]

1. The loose edge of a garment; that part which hangs loose below the waist.
It's but a nightgown in respect of yours; cloth of gold and cuts, fide sleeves and *skirts*, round underborne with a bluish tinsel. *Shakep. Much Ado about Nothing.*
As Samuel turned about to go away, he laid hold upon the *skirt* of his mantle, and it rent. *1 Sa. xv. 27.*
2. The edge of any part of the dress.
A narrow lace, or a small *skirt* of ruffled linen, which runs along the upper part of the stays before, and crosses the breast, being a part of the tucker, is called the modesty-piece. *Addison.*
3. Edge; margin; border; extreme part.
He should seat himself at Athie, upon the *skirt* of that unquiet country. *Spenser on Ireland.*

Ye mists, that rise
From hill or steaming lake, dusky or grey,
'Till the fun paint your fleecy *skirts* with gold,
In honour to the world's great Author rise. *Milton.*
Though I fled him angry, yet recall'd
To life prolong'd, and promis'd race, I now
Gladly behold, though but his utmost *skirts*
Of glory, and far off his steps adore. *Milt. Parad. Lost.*
The northern *skirts*, that join to Syria have entered into the conquests or commerce of the four great empires; but that which seems to have secured the other is the stony and sandy deserts, through which no army can pass. *Temple.*

Upon the *skirts*
Of Arragon our squander'd troops he rallies. *Dryden.*
To SKIRT. *v. a.* [from the noun.] To border; to run along the edge.

Temple *skirteth* this hundred on the waste side.
Of all these bounds,
With shadowy forests and with champions rich'd,
With plenteous rivers and wide *skirted* meads,
We make thee lady. *Shakespeare.*

The middle pair
Skirted his loins and thighs with downy gold.
A spacious circuit on the hill there stood,
Level and wide, and *skirted* round with wood. *Addison.*
SKITTISH. *adj.* [*skye*, Danish; *schew*, Dutch.]

1. Shy; easily frightened.
A restless *skittish* jade had gotten a trick of rising, starting, and flying out at his own shadow. *L'Estrange.*

2. Wanton; volatile; huffy; precipitate.
Now expectation, tickling *skittish* spirits,
Sets all on hazard. *Shakespeare.*
He still resolv'd, to mend the matter,
T' adhere and cleave the obstinate;
And still the *skittish* and looser,
Her freaks appear'd to fit the closer. *Hudibras.*

3. Changeable; fickle.
Some men sleep in *skittish* fortune's hall,
While others play the ideots in her eyes. *Shakespeare.*
Such as I am, all true lovers are;
Unfaded and *skittish* in all notions else,
Save in the constant image of the creature
That is below'd. *Shak. Twelfth Night.*

SKITTISHLY. *adv.* [from *skittish*.] Wantonly; uncertainly; ficklely.

SKITTISHNESS. *n. f.* [from *skittish*.] Wantonness; fickleness.

SKONCE. *n. f.* [See SCONCE.]

Reinard ranfacketh every corner of his wily *skonce*, and bestirreth the utmost of his nimble stumps to quit his coat from their jaws. *Carew.*

SKREEN. *n. f.* [*skran*, of *skrein*, French, which *Minshew* derives from *securiculum*, Latin. *Nimis violentus ut solet*, says *Skinner*, which may be true as to one of the senses; but if the first sense of *skreen* be a kind of coarse sieve or riddle, it may perhaps come, if not from *cribrum*, from some of the descendants of *crano*.]

1. A riddle or coarse sieve.
A skuttle or *skreen* to rid soil fro' the corn. *Tusser.*
2. Any thing by which the sun or weather is kept off.
3. Shelter; concealment.
Fenc'd from day, by night's eternal *skreen*;
Unknown to heav'n, and to myself unseen. *Dryden.*

SKY

To SKREEN. *v. a.* [from the noun.]
1. To riddle; to sift. A term yet used among malcons when they sift sand for mortar.

2. To shade from sun or light, or weather.
3. To keep off light or weather.

The curtains closely drawn, the light to *skreen*;
Thus cover'd with an artificial night,
Sleep did his office. *Dryden.*

The waters mounted up into the air: their interposition betwixt the earth and the sun *skreen* and fence off the heat, otherwise insupportable. *Woodward's Natural History.*

4. To shelter; to protect.
Ajax interpos'd
His sevenfold shield, and *skreen'd* Laertes' son,
When the insulting Trojans urg'd him force. *Philips.*

He that travels with them is to *skreen* them, and get them out when they have run themselves into the briars. *Lake.*

His majesty encouraged his subjects to make mouths at their betters, and afterwards *skreened* them from punishment. *Spelt.*

The scales, of which the scarf-skin is composed, are designed to fence the orifices of the secretory ducts of the military glands, and to *skreen* the nerves from external injuries. *Cheyne.*

SKUE. *adj.* [Of this word there is found no satisfactory derivation.] Oblique; fide long. It is most used in the adverb *askue*.

Several have imagined that this *skue* posture of the axis is a most unfortunate thing; and that if the poles had been erect to the plane of the ecliptic, all mankind would have enjoyed a very paradise. *Bentley.*

To SKULK. *v. n.* To hide; to lurk in fear or malice.
Discover'd, and defeated of your prey,
You *skulk'd* behind the fence, and sneak'd away. *Dryden.*

SKULL. *n. f.* [*skiola*, Islandick; *skutti*, Islandick, a head.]

1. The bone that incloses the head: it is made up of several pieces, which being joined together, form a considerable cavity, which contain the brain as in a box, and it is proportionate to the bigness of the brain. Its figure is round, and a little depressed on its sides. The several pieces, of which the skull is composed, are joined together by sutures, which makes it less apt to break: these pieces or bones are six proper and two common, and each is made up of two tables, or laminae, between which there is a thin and spongy substance, made of some bony fibres, which come from each lamina, called in Greek *διπλαει*, and in Latin *medullarium*. In it are a great many veins and arteries, which bring blood for the nourishment of the bones. The tables are hard and solid, because in them the fibres of the bones are close to one another. The *diploe* is soft, because the bony fibres are at a greater distance from one another. The external lamina is smooth, and covered with the pericranium: the internal is likewise smooth; but on it are several furrows, made by the pulse of the arteries of the dura mater, whilst the cranium was soft and yielding. *Quincy.*

Some lay in dead mens *skulls*; and in those holes,
Where eyes did once inhabit, there were crept,
As twere in frown of eyes, reflecting gems. *Shakep. R. III.*

With redoubled strokes he plies his head;
But drives the batter'd *skull* within the brains. *Dryden.*

2. [See COLE, a company.] A shoal. See SCULL.
Repair to the river where you have seen them swim in *skulls* or shoals. *Watson.*

SKULLCAP. *n. f.* A headpiece.
SKULLCAP. *n. f.* [*casilda*, Latin.] A plant.

The florets are longish, one in each ala of the leaves: the upper leaf is galeated like an helmet, with two auricles adjoining: the under leaf, for the most part, is divided into two: the calyx, having a cover, contains a fruit resembling the heel of a slipper or shoe. *Miller.*

SKY. *n. f.* [*sky*, Danish.]

1. The region which furrounds this earth beyond the atmosphere. It is taken for the whole region without the earth. The mountains their broad backs upheave
Into the clouds, their tops ascend the *sky*. *Milton.*

The maids of Argos, who with frantick cries,
And imitated lowings, fill'd the *skies*. *Roscommon.*

Raise all thy winds, with night involve the *skies*,
Sink, or disperse. *Dryden's En.*

2. The heavens.
The thunderer's bolt you know,
Sky planted, batters all rebelling coasts. *Shakep. Cymbeline.*

What is this knowledge but the *sky* stol'n fire,
For which the thief still chain'd in ice doth sit. *Davies.*

Wide is the fronting gate, and rais'd on high,
With adamant columns threatens the *sky*. *Dryden.*

3. The weather.
Thou wert better in thy grave, than to answer with thy uncovered body this extremity of the *skies*. *Shakep. K. Lear.*

SKYEY. *adj.* [from *sky*.] Not very elegantly formed.] Ethereal.
A breath thou art,
Servile to all the *skye* influences,
That do this habitation, where thou keep'st,
Hourly afflict. *Shakep. Measure for Measure.*

SKY COLOUR. *n. f.* [*sky* and *colour*.] An azure colour; the colour of the sky.

A solution as clear as water, with only a light touch of *sky-colour*, but nothing near so high as the ceruleous tincture of silver. *Boyle.*

SKY COLOURED. *adj.* [*sky* and *colour*.] Blue; azure; like the sky.

This your Ovid himself has hinted, when he tells us that the blue water nymphs are dressed in *skye* coloured garments. *Add.*

SKY DYED. *adj.* [*sky* and *dye*.] Coloured like the sky.
There figs, *skye* dyed, a purple hue disclose. *Pope.*

SKY ED. *adj.* [from *sky*.] Enveloped by the skies. This is unusual and unauthorized.
The pale deluge floats
O'er the *sky'd* mounting to the shadowy vale. *Thomson.*

SKYISH. *adj.* [from *sky*.] Coloured by the ether; approaching the sky.
Of this flat a mountain you have made,
T' o'ertop old Pelion, or the *skye* head
Of blue Olympus. *Shakep. Hamlet.*

SKY LARK. *n. f.* [*sky* and *lark*.] A lark that mounts and sings.
He next proceeded to the *skylark*, mounting up by a proper scale of notes, and afterwards falling to the ground with a very easy descent. *Spektor.*

SKY LIGHT. *n. f.* [*sky* and *light*.] A window placed in a room, not laterally, but in the ceiling.
A monstrous fowl dropt through the *skylight*, near his wife's apartment. *Arbutnot, and Pope's Mart. Scriblerus.*

SKY ROCKET. *n. f.* [*sky* and *rocket*.] A kind of firework, which flies high and burns as it flies.
I considered a comet, or in the language of the vulgar a blazing star, as a *skyrocket* discharged by an hand that is almighty. *Addison.*

SLAB. *n. f.*
1. A puddle. *Ainsworth.*
2. A plane of stone: as, a marble *slab*.
SLAB. *adj.* [A word, I suppose, of the same original with *slabber*, or *slaver*.] Thick; viscous; glutinous.
Note of Turk, and Tartar's lips;
Finger of birth-strang'd babe,
Ditch-deliver'd by a drab;
Make the cruel thick and *slab*. *Shakep. Macbeth.*

To SLABBER. *v. n.* [*slabben*, *slabberen*, Dutch.]
1. To let the spittle fall from the mouth; to drivel.
2. To shed or pour any thing.
To SLABBER. *v. a.*
1. To smear with spittle.
He *slabbered* me all over, from cheek to cheek, with his great tongue. *Arbutnot's History of John Bull.*
2. To shed; to spill.
The milk pan and cream pot fo *slabber'd* and soft,
That butter is wanting, and cheese is half lost. *Tusser.*

SLABBERER. *n. f.* [from *slabber*.] He who slabbers.
SLABBY. *adj.* [The same with *slab*.]
1. Thick; viscous.
In the cure of an ulcer, with a moist intemperies, *slabby* and greasy medicaments are to be forborn, and drying to be used. *Wifeman's Surgery.*
2. Wet; floody.
When waggish boys the stunted before ply,
To rid the *slabby* pavements, pass not by. *Gay.*

SLACK. *adj.* [*pleac*, Saxon; *slaken*, Islandick; *slack*, Welsh; *laxus*, Latin.]
1. Not tense; not hard drawn; loose.
The vein in the arm is that which Aretæus commonly opens; and he gives a particular caution in this case to make a *slack* compression, for fear of exciting a convulsion. *Arbutnot.*
2. Remiss; not diligent; not eager; not fervent.
Thus much help and furtherance is more yielded, in that, if so be our zeal and devotion to Godward be *slack*, the alacrity and fervour of others serveth as a present spur. *Hosker.*
Seeing his soldiers *slack* and timorous, he reproved them of cowardice and treason. *Knolles.*
Nor were it just, would he resume that shape,
That *slack* devotion should his thunder 'scape. *Waller.*
Rebellion now began, for lack
Of zeal and plunder, to grow *slack*. *Hudibras.*
3. Not violent; not rapid.
Their pace was formal, grave, and *slack*:
His nimble wit out-ran the heavy pack. *Dryden.*
A handful of *slack* dried hops spoil many pounds, by taking away their pleasant smell. *Mortimer's Husbandry.*
4. Relaxed; weak; not holding fast.
All his joints relax'd:
From his *slack* hand the garland wreath'd for Eve
Down dropp'd, and all the faded roses shed. *Milton.*

To SLACK. *v. n.* [from the adjective.]
1. To be remiss; to neglect.
When thou shalt vow a vow unto the Lord, *slack* not to pay it. *Deutr. xxiii. 21.*

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1. Loosely; not tightly; not closely.
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That a king's children should be so convey'd,
So *slackly* guarded, and the search so slow
That could not trace them. *Shakespeare's Cymbeline.*

SLACKNESS. *n. f.* [from *slack*.]
1. Looseness; not tightness.
2. Negligence; remissness.

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